

# 史上小北斗GPS定位模块YX1010MK

产品名称	史上小北斗GPS定位模块YX1010MK
公司名称	深圳市逸协电子有限公司
价格	45.00/PCS
规格参数	品牌:逸协 型号:YX1010MK 尺寸:10mm*10mm*3mm
公司地址	深圳市宝安区龙华民治南贤广场B座1303A
联系电话	0755-33552509 18671721848

## 产品详情

淘宝直营：<http://730063119.taobao.com>

specificationofapproval

规格承认书

customer /客户	
productname/产品类别	gps module
customer productno./客户产品编号	
modelno./产品型号	yx-1010mk
date/日期	2011.10.21
edition/版本	

supplier/供应者签署	acceptance/承认者签署
深圳市逸协电子有限公司	深圳市逸协电子有限公司

shenzhenyixie electronicsco.,ltd

工厂地址：深圳市龙岗区坂田第三工业区36栋2楼 办公地址：深圳市龙华新区民治梅龙大道49号南贤广场b座 1303a

tel: 86-0755-33552509 fax : 86-0755-83647721

date/日期	2011.10.21
r&d./研发部	陈维芳
engineer/工程师	侯小平
prepared/制作	高凯云

## functional overview

the yx-1010mk designed by dragon basing on the mtk3339 is a new generation of gps receiving module. it supports up to 66 acquisition and 22 simultaneously tracking channel, ultra-high sensitive gps receiving module. based on new highly integrated mtk chips and meticulously integration key parts of dragon. in the same chip specifications, this product has faster gps signals ability to capture, lower power consumption, more strong anti-jamming performance and more wide working voltage range.

yx-1010mkmodule designed with industrial requirements, usingstamps package, can adaptto wet high temperature,electromagneticinterference etc. odiouslyworkingenvironment. it is widelyused in monitoring, positioning, mapping, navigation, securityapplications.

applications

automotivenavigation

personal positioning

fleet management

mobilephonenavigation

marinenavigation

productfeatures

mtk3339high performancegpschipset

veryhigh sensitivity(trackingsensitivity:-165dbm)

extremelyfast tfff(time to first fix) at low signal level

support uart interface

built-inlna(with in chip)

compact size(10mm x 10 mmx2.6mm) suitable forspace-sensitive application

onesize component, easyto mount on another pcbboard

support nmea 0183v3.0 (gga, gsa, gsv,rmc)

support ospprotocol

mems support: 3-axismagnetometer for compass headingfor “ pointand tell ” feature

micropower mode (mpm) : reducempm current consumption from <500 ua

support sbas (wass, egnos, msas, gagan)

pinassignment

pindescription

electricalcharacteristics

absolutemaximumrating

parameter	symbol	min	max	units
powersupply				
powersupply volt.	vcc	3.0	3.63	
backupbatteryvolt	vbat	3.0	3.63	
inputpins				

inputpinvoltagei/o	reset	-0.3	3.63	
inputpinvoltagei/o	rx	-0.3	3.63	
antennabiasdcvoltage	f_in	-0.3	5.0	
environment				
storagetemperature	tstg	-40	125	
peak reflow soldering temperature	tpeak		260	
humidity				95

note: absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in this table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the operating condition tables as follow.

#### operating condition

parameter	symbol	condition	min	type	max
powersupplyvoltage	vcc	relative to gnd	3.0	3.3	3.6
powersupplyvoltageripple	vcc_pp	vcc=3.0v			30
consumptioncurrent	cc	vcc=3.0v		15	18
backupbatteryvoltage	vbat	relative to gnd	3.0	3.3	3.6
inputhighvoltage	vih		2.0		3.6
inputlowvoltage	vil		-0.3		0.8

outputhighvoltage	voh	2.4	3.15
outputlowvoltage	vol	-0.3	0.4
operatingtemperature	opr	-35	80

## products specifications

parameter	specification
chip	mtk3339
receivertype	1frequencyband1575.42mhz,c/acode,12channels
sensitivity	tracking -165dbm acquisition -148dbm(cold)/-163dbm(hot)
accuracy	position<5m(typicalopensky) velocity 0.1m/s
acquisitiontime	coldstart 28s(typicalopensky) warmstart 28s hotstart 1s
powerconsumption	tracking 18ma@3.3vtypical acquisition 25ma@3.3v
navigationdataupdaterate	1hz altitude max18,000m

operationallimits	velocity	max515m/s
	acceleration	lessthan4g
protocolsupport	nmea0183ver.3.0	default:9600bps
	1hz:gga,gsa,gsv,rmc	

mechanicalspecification

figure 3:yx-1010mkdimensions      unit: mm

recommended layoutpad

figure 4:yx-1010mkpadstyle&dimensions

application

application circuit

gpsactiveantenna specifications (recommendation)

frequency:	$1575.42 \pm 2\text{mhz}$	amplifier gain:	$18\sim22\text{db}$ typical
axialratio:	3db typical	output vswr:	2.0max.
output impedance:	50	noisefigure:	2.0db max
polarization:	hcp	antennainput voltage:	3.3v(typ.)

## operating description

### timemark

this pin provides onepulse-per-second

outputfrom the board, which is synchronized to gpstime. thisis notavailable in trickle power mode.if do not useit, just nc.

### wakeup

system powercontroller,whenyx-1010mk power on, this pin will output3.3vdc.

### rf\_in

this pin receives signal of gpsanalogvia externalactive antenna.it has to bea controlled impedancetrace at 50ohm. do not

haverftracesclosed theothersignal pathand routingit on thetop layer. keep the rf traces as short as possible.

### tx

this isthe main transmits channel for outputtingnavigationand measurement data to user ' s navigation softwareor userwritten software.output is ttllevel, 0v ~3.3v.

### rx

this is the main channel for receiving software commands from mtkdemo software or from your proprietary software.

vbat

this is the battery backup power input for the sram and rtc when main power is off. without the external backup battery, yx-1010mk

will always execute a cold start after turning on. to achieve the faster start-up offered by a hot or warm start, a battery backup must be connected. the battery voltage should be between 2.5v and 3.6v.

vcc

this is the main power supply to the engine board. (3.1vdc to 3.6vdc)

software command

nmea output command

nmea0183 protocol

the nmea protocol is an ASCII-based protocol, records start with a \$ and with carriage return/line feed. GPS specific messages all start with \$gpXXX where XXX is a three-letter identifier of the message data that follows. NMEA messages have a checksum, which allows detection of corrupted data transfers.

they x-1010mk supports the following NMEA-0183 messages: gga, gsa, rmc. the module default

NMEA-0183 output is setup gga, gsa, gsv, rmc and default baud rate is setup 9600 bps. Table 1: NMEA-0183 output messages

nmea record	description
gga	global positioning system fixed data
gsa	gnss dop and active satellites
gsv	gnss satellites in view

rmc recommendedminimumspecificgnssdata  
gga-globalpositioningsystemfixeddata

table2containsthevaluesofthefollowingexample:

\$gpgga,025438.000,2232.8557,n,11355.7438,e,1,04,1.0, 65.5,m,,m,,0000\*75

table2:ggaformat

name	example	units	description
messageid	\$gpgga		ggaprotocolheader
utctime	025438.000		hhmmss.sss
latitude	2232.8557		ddmm.mmmm
n/sindicator	n		n=northors=south
longitude	11355.7438		ddmm.mmmm
e/windicator	e		e=eastorw=west
positionfixindicator	1		seetable2-1
satellitesused	04		range00to12
hdop	1.0		horizontaldilutionofprecision
mslaltitude	65.5	meters	altitudeabovemeansealevel
units	m	meters	
geoidsseparation		meters	separationfromgeoidscanbebanks
units	m	meters	
ageofdiff.corr.		second	nullfieldswhendgpsisnotused
diff.ref.stationid	0000		nullfieldswhendgpsisnot used
checksum	*75		
<cr><lf>			endofmessagetermination(ascii13,ascii10)

table2-1:positionfixindicators

value	description
0	fixnotavailableorinvalid
1	gpsspsmode,fixvalid
2	differentialgps,spsmode,fixvalid
3	gpsppsmode,fixvalid

gsa-gnssdop andactivesatellites

table4containsthevaluesofthefollowingexample:

name	example	units	description
message	\$gpgsa		gsaprotoheader
mode1	a		seetable4-2
mode2	b		seetable4-1
satelliteused	07		svonchannel1
satelliteused	02		svonchannel2

...	...	...
satelliteused		svonchannel12
pdop	1.8	positiondilutionofprecision
hdop	1.0	horizontaldilutionofprecision
vdop	1.5	verticaldilutionofprecision
checksum	*33	
<cr><lf>		endofmessagetermination(ascii13,ascii10)

\$gpgsa,a,3,07,02,26,27,09,04,15, ,,, ,1.8,1.0,1.5\*33. table 4:gсадаformat

table4-1:mode1

value	description
1	fixnotavailable
2	2d
3	3d

table4-2:mode2

value	description
m	manual-forcedtooperatein2dor3dmode
a	automatic-allowedtoautomaticallyswitch2d/3d

gsv-gnsssatellitesinview

table5contains the values of the following example:

\$gpgsv,2,1,07,07,79,048,42,02,51,062,43,26,36,256,42,27,27,138,42\*71

\$gpgsv,2,2,07,09,23,313,42,04,19,159,41,15,12,041,42\*41.

table5:gsvdataformat

name	example	units	description
messageid	\$gpgsv		gsvprotocolheader
numberof message	2		range1to3
messagenumber	1		range1to3
satellitesinview	07		
satelliteid	07		channel1(range1to32)
elevation	79	degrees	channel1(maximum90)
azimuth	048	degrees	channel1(true,range0to359)
snr(c/no)	42	dbhz	range0to99,nullwhennottracking
...			...
satelliteid	27		channel4(range1to32)
elevation	27	degrees	channel4(maximum90)
azimuth	138	degrees	channel4(true,range0to359)
snr(c/no)	42	dbhz	range0to99,nullwhennottracking
checksum	*71		
<cr><lf>			endofmessagetermination(ascii13,ascii10)
dependingonthenumberofsatellitestrackedmultiplemessagesofgsvdatamayberequired.			

rmc-recommendedminimumspecificgnssdata

table6containsthevaluesofthefollowingexample:

\$gprmc,025439.000,a,2232.8557,n,11355.7438,e,0.13,309.62,031209,,\*10

table6:rmcdatformat

name	example	units	description
messageid	\$gprmc		rmcprotocolheader
utctime	025439.000	hhmmss.sss	

status	a		a=datavalid or v=data not valid
latitude	2232.8557		ddmm.mmmm
n/sindicator	n		n=north or s=south
longitude	11355.7438		ddmm.mmmm
e/windicator	e		e=east or w=west
speedoverground	0.13	knots	
courseoverground	309.62	degrees	true
date	031209		dummy
magneticvariation		degrees	not used
e/windicator			not used
mode			only nmea0183 version 3.00 output
checksum	*10	hexadecimal	
<cr><lf>			end of message termination (ascii 13, ascii 10)

recommended reflow profile:

preheatingtemperature:	150 ± 10[ °C ]	preheatingtime:	90 ± 30 [sec.]
heatingtemperature:	235 ± 5[ °C ]	heatingtime:	10 ± 1 [sec.]

peak temperature must not exceed 240 and the heating duration of over 200 should be 30 ± 10

seconds.