

PBT Crastin SK612SF NC010 15%玻璃纤维,低粘度PBT

产品名称	PBT Crastin SK612SF NC010 15%玻璃纤维,低粘度PBT
公司名称	京冀（广州）新材料有限公司
价格	27.00/千克
规格参数	PBT:15%玻璃纤维,低粘度PBT SK612S:用于快速生产 美国杜邦:本色塑胶原材料
公司地址	广州市南沙区丰泽东路106号（自编1号楼）X130 1-E014087（注册地址）
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产品详情

[??100p??PBT??ppg?????????pvf????PVA??pvb??PVFdupont??PBO?????????](#)

美国杜邦PBT SK603 添加20%玻璃纤维
美国杜邦PBT SK605 添加30%玻璃纤维
美国杜邦PBT SK652FR 添加15%玻璃纤维 阻燃V0
美国杜邦PBT SK655FR 添加30%玻璃纤维 阻燃V0
美国杜邦PBT ST820 超韧性
美国杜邦PBT ST830FR 阻燃V0 超韧性
美国杜邦PBT LW9330FR 添加30%玻璃纤维 阻燃V0 低翘曲
德国巴斯夫PBT B4300G4 添加20%玻璃纤
德国巴斯夫PBT B4406G2 添加10%玻璃纤阻燃V0
德国巴斯夫PBT B4406G4 添加20%玻璃纤阻燃V0
德国巴斯夫PBT B4406G6 添加30%玻璃纤阻燃V0
德国巴斯夫食品级PBT B4500 挤出级 中粘度 食品级

美国GE PBT 310 通用级
美国GE PBT 310SEO 阻燃V0 用于电力工业、线轴、键盘开关及开关组件、工具外壳
美国GE PBT 357 阻燃V0 抗冲击 用于线轴、开关、外壳等
美国GE PBT 420SEO 阻燃V0 添加30%玻璃纤维 许多用途：切边机、食物搅拌机马达定子与换向器、电风扇、连接器、线轴、开关等。
美国GE PBT DR51 添加15%玻璃纤 用于维聚光灯、器具外壳、把手、连接器
美国GE PBT DR48 添加17%玻璃纤 阻燃V0
日本东丽1401X34;1101G-30,30%GF增强,标准型号; 310SEO-1001、DR48-111、DR48-7001,1401X06、
日本东丽 1494X02 非增强级 , V-0
台湾新光30%玻纤防火级D202G30,E202G30 , D202G30 , D201G30,15%玻纤强化防火级D202G15 , E202G15 , D202G15;4830 , 4886、4883 , 3883、3803、5115、5130、5630、6730,D201、F201、1120G6、1403G6 ;
台湾长春阻燃级 (UL94V-0) : 4115、4815 (玻纤15%) , 4120、4820 (玻纤20%) , 4130、4830 (玻纤30%) , 4140 (玻纤40%) ; 阻燃级1100-211M ; 一般级1100 ;
日本宝理玻纤增强难燃级70G15,70G20,70G30(GF15%,20%,30%);玻纤增强阻燃级3316 , 3116 , 3216 , 3226 , (GF7.5 , 15% , 20% , 30% , UL94 V-0) ;
日本三菱工程5010GT15,5010GN1-30 ;

Stress cracking resistance, excellent wear resistance, chemical corrosion resistance, low-temperature impact strength, easy processing and good finishing, mainly used in car bumpers, car chassis, panels and motorcycle panels. Looking back to the past few years, the world's major PBT production companies are mainly concentrated in the United States, Western Europe, Japan and South Korea. A few years ago, according to Kline & Co's statistical analysis, GE Plastics is the world's PBT producers, production capacity of 140,000 tons per year, in the period around 2004, the company already accounted for 24.1 percent of the world's total production capacity. At the time, Ticona and dupont were the second and third producers of PBT, with production capacities of 80,000 and 75,000 tonnes per year, respectively, its share in the world's total productive capacity was 13.8% and 12.0% , respectively. BASF, Teirenburri Plastics and Buyer are not far behind.

That's 10,000-150,000 tons per year. Self-lubricating, low friction coefficient, but large volume resistance, dielectric loss. The disadvantage is the low impact strength of the gap, molding shrinkage. Therefore, most of the glass fiber reinforced or inorganic filling modification, its tensile strength, bending strength can be increased by more than one time, thermal deformation temperature is also greatly increased. It can work under 140 ° C for a long time, and the longitudinal and transverse shrinkage rates of glass fiber reinforced products are not consistent, so the products are easy to warp. Non-flammable, no liquid flow when burning, leaving the flame extinguished within 5 seconds, (similar to PC) . PBT is a Thermoplastic, suitable for use by different manufacturers, usually with some additives, or with other plastics, with different proportions of additives, can be made of different specifications of products. Because PBT has good heat resistance, weather resistance, electrical properties, water absorption, good luster, widely used in electronic appliances, automotive parts, machinery, household goods, etc. , and PBT products and PPS, PC, Pom, PA and so on are collectively known as the five engineering plastics. 3 the shutdown time of PBT treatment is less than 30 minutes, and the shutdown time can be reduced to 200 ° C. When reproducing after long-term shutdown, the material in the cylinder should be emptied and new material should be added in order to carry out normal production. 4 the post-

treatment of the products does not need to be carried out under normal circumstances, and if necessary, it needs to be treated at 120 ° C for 1 ~ 2 hours. Polybutylene terephthalate is a crystalline thermoplastic engineering